



An Integrated Approach in Flood Prevention and Water Reclamation in a Densely Populated Metropolitan: Will the Innovation Work?

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Project Background



Flooding Event:
a) 24 August 2000
➢ Happy Valley Race Course

b) 24 April 2006> Leighton Road











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Happy Valley Underground Stormwater Storage Scheme (HVUSSS)







Alternative Innovative Foundation Design

Replace original pre-bored H piles by cut off wall and subsoil drainage system







Alternative Innovative Foundation Design













Alternative Innovative Foundation Design







Three-in-One Design Approach



















Stormwater Reuse

- **Considerations:**
- Water quality
- Availability
- Spatial requirements
- Influence on flood protection standard
- Treatment standard
- Potential use





Quality of Groundwater Samples

		Sampling Date & Time	June 2013
		Location	Sport Pitch
Parameter	Unit	WSD's Recommended Water Quality Standards	
E. coli	No. / 100ml	Non-detectable	Non-detectable
Total residual chlorine	mg/l	≧ 1 exiting treatment system≧ 0.2 at user end	<0.2
Dissolved oxygen	mg/l	≧2	6 - 8.1
Total suspended solids (TSS)	mg/l	≦5	<2
Colour	Hazen unit	≦20	<2.5
Turbidity	NTU	≦5	<1
рН	-	6 - 9	6.0 - 6.5
Threshold Odour Number (TON)	-	≦100	<1
5-day Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD ₅)	mg/l	≦10	<2
Ammoniacal nitrogen	mg/I as N	≦1	0.01 - 0.03
Synthetic detergents	mg/l	≦5	<1





Quality of Stormwater Samples

mix of 2toru	warei	Sampling Date	23 & 30/8/2013 rainstorm events
		Location	Box Culvert (WNCR)
Parameter	Unit	WSD's Recommended Water Quality Standards	
E. coli	No. / 100ml	Non-detectable	78,000 - 27,000
Total residual chlorine	mg/l	\ge 1 exiting treatment system \ge 0.2 at user end	<0.2
Dissolved oxygen	mg/l	≧2	8.4 - 5.7
Total suspended solids (TSS)	mg/l	≦5	180 - 32
Colour	Hazen unit	≦20	75 - 25
Turbidity	NTU	≦5	66 - 6
рН	-	6 - 9	7.3 – 6.9
Threshold Odour Number (TON)	-	≦100	1
5-day Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD ₅)	mg/l	≦10	8 - 12
Ammoniacal nitrogen	mg/I as N	≦1	0.56 – 0.16
Synthetic detergents	mg/l	≦5	<2

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- Achieve balance between supply and demand and self-sustainable
- Peak water demand : 1,000m³/day
- Additional supply for toilet flushing
- -Total harvesting of around 220,000 m³ per annum
- -R&D on cost for Stormwater Harvesting





Schematic Diagram for Treatment Process













Green Infrastructure











- Innovative, sustainable, cost-effective and environmentally friendly solution to alleviate flooding
- Pioneering Design Approach
- Sustainable Development







Thank You!







Back-up Slides





Project Recognition

- The 2012 International Water Association (IWA) Project Innovation Awards East Asia Regional Awards in Planning Category Joint Winners
 - Drainage Services Department (DSD)
 - Black & Veatch Hong Kong Limited





- The Hong Kong Institution of Engineers (HKIE) The Innovation Award for the Engineering Industry 2012/2013
 - Merit (Construction Category)





Mechanism of Membrane Filtration







Construction Cost Estimate and Operation Cost

- Estimated construction cost (13 M. approx.) and operation cost for Water Harvesting System (48 K. approx. per annum)
- Estimated spending on fresh water for irrigation and toilet flushing (1.45 M. approx. per annum)





Cut-off Wall and Sub-surface Drainage System

Integrate Cofferdam Design using Sheetpiles as Cut-off Wall for Controlling Drawdown of Groundwater Level (GWL) to Eliminate Buoyancy



Where should we discharge the groundwater and rainwater collected through this sub-surface drainage system?